

Presentation Material

Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011

Sony Financial Holdings Inc. February 14, 2012

Content



Consolidated Operating Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011	P.3
Consolidated Financial Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012	P.27
Appendix	P.29

Disclaimers:

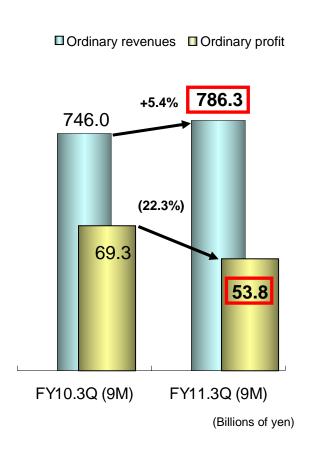
This presentation material contains statements concerning the current plans, expectations, strategies and beliefs of the Sony Financial Holdings Group (the "SFH Group"). Any statements contained herein that pertain to future operating performance and that are not historic facts are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may include—but are not limited to—words such as "believe," "anticipate," "plan," "strategy," "expect," "forecast," "predict," and "possibility" that describe future operating activities, business performance, events or conditions. Forward-looking statements, whether spoken or written, are based on judgments made by the management of the SFH Group, based on information that is currently available to it. As such, these forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, and actual business results may vary substantially from the forecasts expressed or implied in forward-looking statements. Consequently, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The SFH Group disclaims any obligation to revise forward-looking statements in light of new information, future events or other findings. The information contained in this presentation does not constitute or form part of any offer for sale or subscription of or solicitation or invitation of any offer to buy or subscribe for any securities, nor shall it or any part of it form the basis of or be relied on in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever.



Consolidated Operating Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011

Highlights of Consolidated Operating Performance for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (1)





	(Billions of yen)			FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Ch	ange	
	Life		Ordinary r	evenues	669.4	703.9	+34.5	+5.2%
	insurance business		Ordinary p	profit	65.3	49.5	(15.7)	(24.2%)
	Non-life		Ordinary r	evenues	55.6	60.1	+4.5	+8.2%
	insurance business		Ordinary p	profit	2.3	1.6	(0.6)	(26.9%)
	Banking		Ordinary r	Ordinary revenues		23.8	+1.4	+6.4%
	business		Ordinary p	Ordinary profit		2.5	+0.9	+63.1%
	Intersegmer	nt	Ordinary r	Ordinary revenues		(1.5)	(0.1)	-
	adjustments	S *	Ordinary p	profit	0.1	0.0	(0.0)	(32.0%)
			Ordinary r	evenues	746.0	786.3	+40.3	+5.4%
	Consolidated		Ordinary p	profit	69.3	53.8	(15.4)	(22.3%)
			Net incom	е	38.3	22.6	(15.6)	(40.9%)
	(Billions of yen) 10		10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change fr	om 11.3.31	
			otal ssets	6,435.9	6,597.1	6,980.7	+383.6	+5.8%
Co	onsolidated	Ne	et assets	301.1	294.8	328.4	+33.5	+11.4%

^{*}Amounts in the Ordinary profit in the "Intersegment adjustments" are mainly from SFH.

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage change figures are rounded.

^{*}Comprehensive income: FY10.3Q (9M): ¥38.2 billion, FY11.3Q (9M): ¥40.9 billion.

Highlights of Consolidated Operating Performance for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (2)

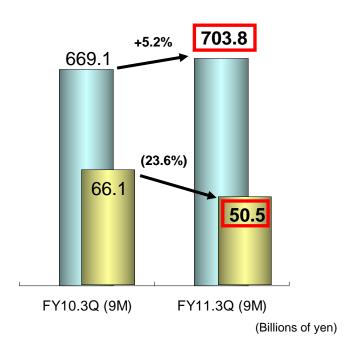


- Life Insurance: Ordinary revenues increased year on year, due to higher income from insurance premiums associated with steady growth in the policy amount in force. Ordinary profit decreased, due to lower gains on sale of securities, reflecting the process of shifting bond holdings to ultralong-term bonds to reduce interest rate risk, whereas insurance claims and other payments relating to the Great East Japan Earthquake were lower than our estimates as of the end of the previous fiscal year.
- Non-life Insurance: Ordinary revenues increased year on year, owing to an increase in net premiums written, as the number of insurance policies in force grew primarily for automobile insurance. Ordinary profit decreased due primarily to a rise in the loss ratio for automobile insurance as well as a higher expense ratio resulting from an increase in system-related expenses.
- Banking: Ordinary revenues increased year on year due to an increase in net fees and commissions resulting from Sony Bank's acquisition of a 57% equity interest in SmartLink Network, Inc. on July 1, 2011 as consolidated subsidiary. Ordinary profit increased due to a rise in gross operating profit, resulting from an increase in net interest income. The net interest income increased because of higher interest income on loans led primarily by the growing balance of mortgage loans and a decrease in interest expenses on yen deposits.
- Consolidated ordinary revenues increased 5.4% year on year, to ¥786.3 billion, however, consolidated ordinary profit decreased 22.3%, to ¥53.8 billion. Net income decreased 40.9%, to ¥22.6 billion. The deferred income taxes increased ¥6.6 billion, resulting from the reversal of deferred tax assets owing to the newly promulgated laws associated with the reduction in the corporate tax rate.
 - In October 2011, SFH issued ¥10 billion in bonds and transferred the funds raised through this issue to Sony Bank as a loan aimed at reinforcing that company's financial base.

Highlights of Operating Performance: Sony Life (Non-consolidated)



☐ Ordinary revenues ☐ Ordinary profit



	(Billions of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	C	Change
Or	dinary revenues	669.1	703.8	+34.6	+5.2%
	Income from insurance premiums	565.5	602.0	+36.5	+6.5%
	Investment income	94.7	83.5	(11.1)	(11.8%)
	Interest income and dividends	64.4	72.5	+8.0	+12.5%
	Income from monetary trusts, net	5.6	3.9	(1.7)	(30.0%)
	Gains on sale of securities	24.5	7.0	(17.5)	(71.3%)
Or	dinary expenses	603.0	653.3	+50.2	+8.3%
	Insurance claims and other payments	209.7	216.4	+6.6	+3.2%
	Provision for policy reserves and others	285.4	314.9	+29.4	+10.3%
	Investment expenses	21.3	29.8	+8.4	+39.6%
	Losses on sale of securities	0.8	1.8	+1.0	+123.0%
	Losses on separate accounts, net	13.1	18.7	+5.6	+42.9%
	Operating expenses	73.2	77.6	+4.4	+6.1%
Or	dinary profit	66.1	50.5	(15.6)	(23.6%)
Ne	t income	37.1	22.2	(14.8)	(40.1%)

- Ordinary revenues increased but ordinary profit decreased year on year.
- •Income from insurance premiums increased due to a steady increase in the policy amount in force.
- Investment income decreased due to lower gains on sale of securities, although interest income and dividends increased.
- Ordinary profit decreased due to lower gains on sale of securities, whereas insurance claims and other payments relating to the Great East Japan Earthquake were lower than our estimates as of the end of the previous fiscal year.

	(Billions of yen)	10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change fro	m 11.3.31
Securities		3,921.2	4,017.5	4,349.4	+331.8	+8.3%
Ро	licy reserves	4,256.7	4,371.4	4,686.4	+314.9	+7.2%
То	tal net assets	222.6	215.3	249.0	+33.6	+15.6%
	Net unrealized gains on other securities	16.6	7.0	27.4	+20.4	+291.5%
То	tal assets	4,593.0	4,723.3	5,038.0	+314.6	+6.7%
	Separate account assets	381.7	398.1	397.4	(0.6)	(0.2%)

Overview of Performance: Sony Life (Non-consolidated)



(Billions of yen)		s of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Change]	(Reasons for changes)
New	New policy amount		3,229.3	3,227.1	(0.1%)	•	Remained at the same level, due mainly to lower
Laps	e and surrender amount		1,601.6	1,561.9	(2.5%)] `	sales of family income insurance, which is life insurance with disability benefit, despite favorable
Laps	e and surrender rate		4.79%	4.50%	(0.29pt)	k	sales of term-life insurance.
Polic	y amount in force		34,519.9	35,807.9	+3.7%] \	Decreased due to the lowering lapse and
Annı	ualized premiums from new policie	es	53.9	53.1	(1.5%)	<u></u>	surrender rates mainly in family income insurance, which is life insurance with disability benefit.
	Of which, third-sector products		12.6	13.0	+2.8%		
Annı	ualized premiums from insurance i	in force	598.0	627.6	+5.0%] \	 Decreased due mainly to lower sales of educational endowment insurance, despite
	Of which, third-sector products		139.0	147.3	+6.0%		favorable sales of term-life insurance and living benefit insurance.
	(Billion	s of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Change		
Gain	s from investment, net (General ac	count)	86.4	72.5	(16.2%)	—	 Decreased due to lower gains on sale of securities on the process of shifting its bonds holdings
Core	profit		43.9	50.9	+15.9%	×	despite an increase in interest income and dividends.
Nega	tive spread		5.5	1.7	(69.1%)] \	
		10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change from 11.3.31		 Increased reflecting lower insurance payments for the Great East Japan Earthquake of March 2011 than formerly expected, and a decline in negative spread.
Solve	ency Margin Ratio	2,971.9%	2,900.1%	3,147.8%	+247.7pt		

Notes:

- *1 Figures for new policy amount, lapse and surrender amount, lapse and surrender rate, policy amount in force, annualized premiums from new policies and annualized premiums from insurance in force are calculated as the total of individual life insurance and individual annuities.
- *2 The lapse and surrender rate shows the ratio derived by dividing the amount of lapses and surrenders, not adjusted for policy amount decreases, increases, and reinstatements, by the policy amount in force at the beginning of the fiscal year.

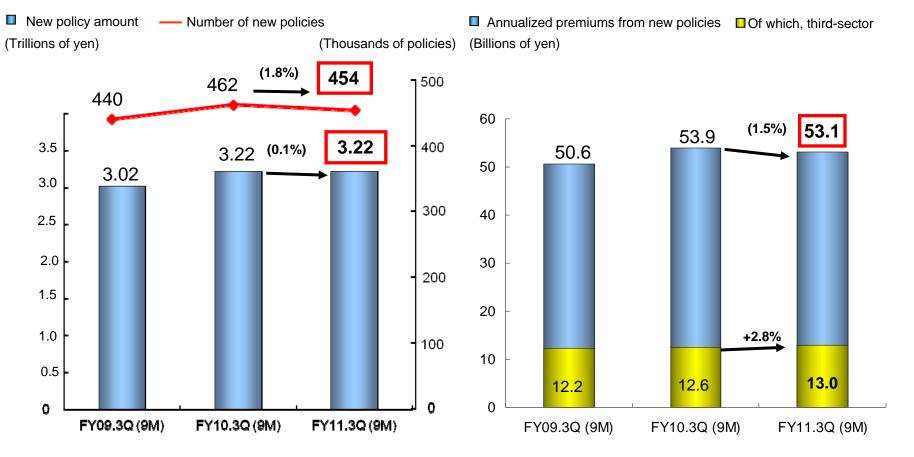
Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage change figures are rounded.

Sony Life Operating Performance (1)





Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Individual Life Insurance + Individual Annuities)



Line item amounts are truncated below ¥10 billion; numbers of policies are truncated below 1,000 policies; percentage change figures are rounded.

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage figures are rounded.

Sony Life Operating Performance (2)





■ Policy amount in force Number of policies in force (Millions of policies) (Trillions of yen) 5.60 +6.3% 5.34 5.27 +4.8% 50 40 35.8 +3.7% 34.7 34.5 +3.0% 30 3 20 10 0

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 billion; numbers of policies are truncated below 10,000 policies; percentage change figures are rounded.

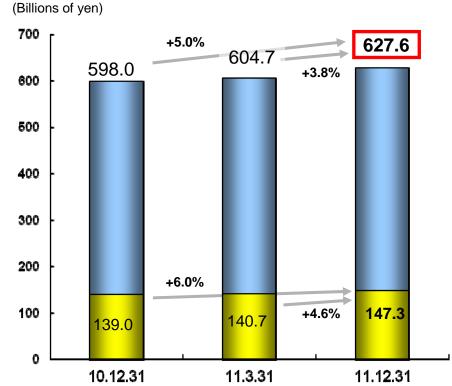
11.3.31

10.12.31

11.12.31

Annualized Premiums from Insurance in Force (Individual Life Insurance + Individual Annuities)

■ Annualized premiums from insurance in force □ Of which, third-sector

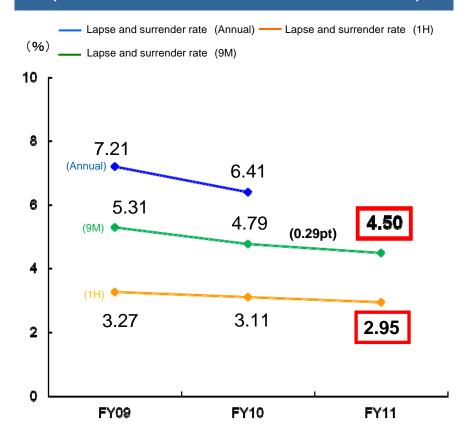


Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage change figures are rounded

Sony Life Operating Performance (3)

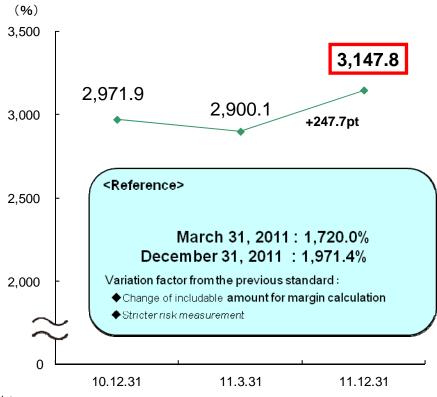


Lapse and Surrender Rate* (Individual Life Insurance + Individual Annuities)



*The lapse and surrender rate shows the ratio derived by dividing the amount of lapses and surrenders, not adjusted for policy amount decreases, increases, and reinstatements, by the policy amount in force at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Solvency Margin Ratio



Note:

Legislation concerning the calculation of the solvency margin ratio has been revised from the standpoint of raising its credibility, and these new standards are to become effective as of the end of fiscal 2011 (March 31, 2012). The above-stated figures are calculated on the assumption that these changes are applied at March 31 and December 31, 2011.

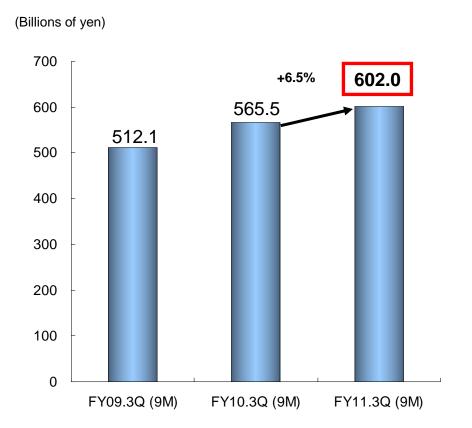
^{*} New solvency margin ratio for Sony Life is also on P 34.

Sony Life Operating Performance (4)

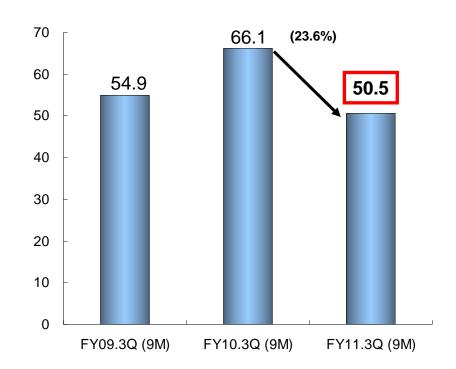


Income from Insurance Premiums

Ordinary Profit



(Billions of yen)



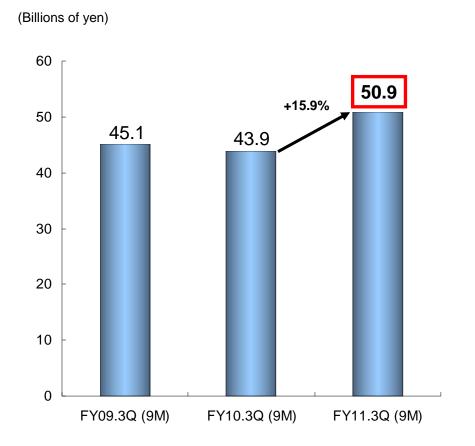
Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage figures are rounded.

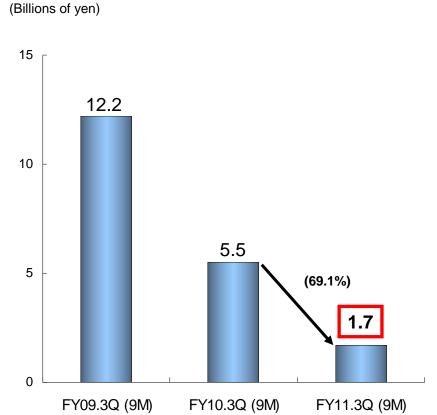
Sony Life Operating Performance (5)



Core Profit

Negative Spread





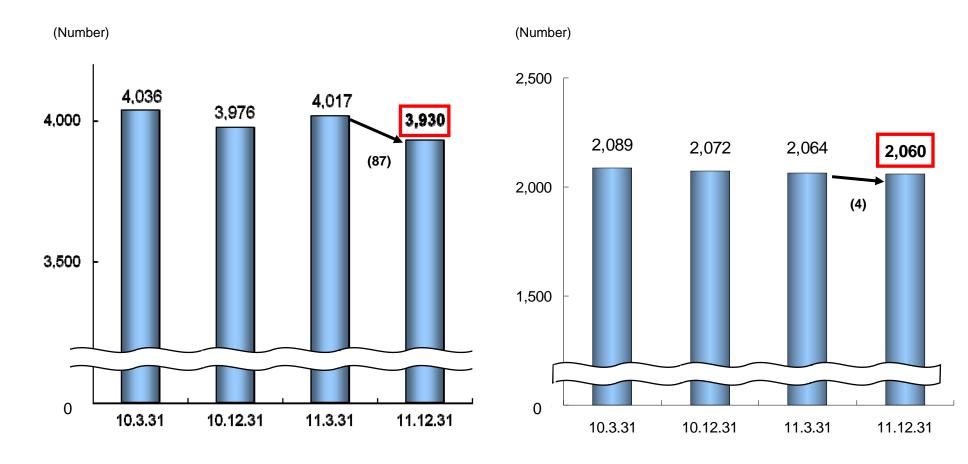
Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage figures are rounded.

Sony Life Operating Performance (6)



Number of Lifeplanner Sales Employees

Number of Independent Agents



 $^{^{\}star}$ "Lifeplanner" is a registered trademark of Sony Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Sony Life Operating Performance (7)



Breakdown of General Account Assets

	11.3	3.31	11.1	2.31
(Billions of yen)	Amount	%	Amount	%
Japanese government and corporate bonds	3,499.9	80.9%	3,833.8	82.6%
Japanese stocks	64.0	1.5%	45.6	1.0%
Foreign securities	44.2	1.0%	60.2	1.3%
Foreign stocks	30.0	0.7%	28.0	0.6%
Monetary trusts	276.4	6.4%	286.8	6.2%
Policy loans	134.4	3.1%	137.6	3.0%
Real estate	75.1	1.7%	73.5	1.6%
Cash and call loans	80.0	1.9%	64.4	1.4%
Others	120.9	2.8%	110.3	2.4%
Total	4,325.2	100.0%	4,640.5	100.0%

<Asset management review>

On the asset side, we lengthened the duration of securities held to match the liability characteristics of insurance policies with long-term maturities with the aim of reducing interest rate risk.

■ Japanese government and corporate bonds:

Continue to accumulate ultralong-term bonds in FY11.



<Lengthened asset duration>

10.3.31 17.6 years

11.3.31 18.5 years

11.12.31 19.1 years

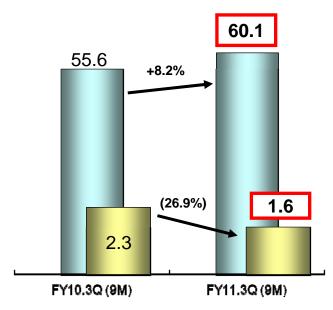
- ■Investment in the monetary trusts are mainly into Japanese government and corporate bonds.
- ■The holding ratio on the real status, of Japanese government and corporate bonds including those invested in monetary trusts in the general account assets:

As of December 31, 2011: 88.8%, (As of March 31, 2011: 87.3%)

Highlights of Operating Performance: Sony Assurance







(Billions of yen)

- Ordinary revenues increased but ordinary profit decreased year on year.
- Ordinary revenues increased, due to an increase in net premiums written led by a growing number of in-force policies primarily for automobile insurance.
- ◆Ordinary profit decreased due mainly to a rise in the loss ratio for automobile insurance as well as a higher expense ratio resulting from an increase in system-related expenses.

	(Billions of yen)	(Billions of yen) FY10.3Q (9M)		Ch	nange
Oı	dinary revenues	55.6	60.1	+4.5 +8.29	
	Underwriting income	55.0	59.4	+4.4	+8.1%
	Investment income	0.5	0.6	+0.0	+14.0%
Oı	dinary expenses	53.2	58.4	+5.1	+9.7%
	Underwriting expenses	40.4	44.1	+3.7	+9.2%
	Investment expenses	_	0.0	+0.0	_
	Operating, general and administrative expenses	12.7	14.2	+1.4	+11.2%
Oı	dinary profit	2.3	1.6	(0.6)	(26.9%)
Ne	et income	1.4	0.5	(8.0)	(62.9%)

(Billions of yen)	10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change	from 11.3.31
Underwriting reserves	63.2	64.0	68.1	+4.0	+6.3%
Total net assets	16.9	16.7	17.3	+0.5	+3.2%
Total assets	104.3	109.3	114.1	+4.8	+4.4%

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage change figures are rounded.

Overview of Performance: Sony Assurance



	FY10.3Q	FY11.3Q		(Reasons for changes)
(Billions of yen)	(9M)	(9M)	Change	 Increased owing to an increase in the number of policies in force for automobile insurance
Direct premiums written	54.5	58.8	+7.7%	◆ Increased owing mainly to an increase in the
Net premiums written	54.9	59.4	+8.1%	number of policies in force for automobile insurance, as well as rising unit cost of
Net losses paid	29.3	32.9	+12.4%	insurance claims and the effect of natural disaster.
Underwriting profit	1.8	1.1	(38.9%)	◆ Increased due primarily to an increase in
Net loss ratio	59.8%	61.8%	+2.0pt	system-related expenses.
Net expense ratio	25.0%	25.5%	+0.5pt	
Combined ratio	84.7%	87.4%	+2.7pt	◆ Increased due to an increase in the numbe
let expense ratio is equal to the ratio let loss ratio is equal to the ratio of n	•	•		policies in force for automobile insurance.
	10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change from 11.3.31
Number of policies in force	1.36 mill	lion 1.38 m	illion 1.47 mill	lion +0.08 million +6.2%
Solvency margin ratio	1,010.	8% 98	1.4% 912.	2.8% (68.6pt)

The number of policies in force is the total of automobile insurance and medical and cancer insurance, which accounts for 99% of net premiums written.

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥ 100 million; numbers of policies are truncated below 10,000 policies; percentage change figures are rounded.

Sony Assurance's Underwriting Performance by Type of Policy



Direct Premiums Written

(Millions of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Change
Fire	120	118	(1.5%)
Marine	1	1	_
Personal accident*	5,339	5,517	+3.3%
Voluntary automobile	49,136	53,177	+8.2%
Compulsory automobile liability	_	_	_
Total	54,596	58,812	+7.7%

Net losses paid

(Millions of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Change
Fire	0	40	_
Marine	10	104	+856.3%
Personal accident*	1,179	1,352	+14.7%
Voluntary automobile	27,633	30,806	+11.5%
Compulsory automobile liability	502	647	+28.8%
Total	29,326	32,951	+12.4%

Net Premiums Written

(Millions of yen)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Change
Fire	5	68	_
Marine	2	50	_
Personal accident*	5,507	5,681	+3.2%
Voluntary automobile	48,934	52,978	+8.3%
Compulsory automobile liability	543	647	+19.1%
Total	54,993	59,426	+8.1%

^{*}SURE, medical and cancer insurance is included in personal accident.

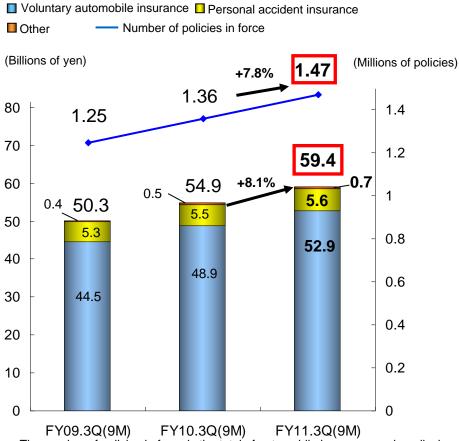
Line item amounts are truncated below ¥ 1 million; Percentage change figures are rounded.

Sony Assurance Operating Performance (1)

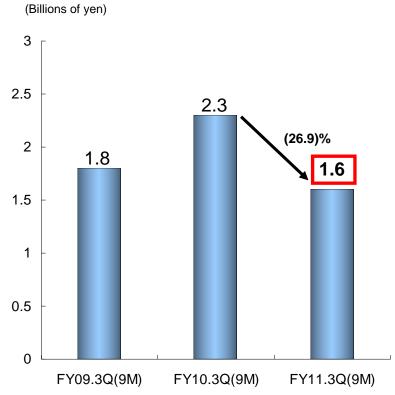


Net Premiums Written and Number of Policies in Force

Ordinary Profit



The number of policies in force is the total of automobile insurance and medical and cancer insurance policies, which account for 99% of net premiums written. More than 90% of personal accident insurance is medical and cancer insurance.



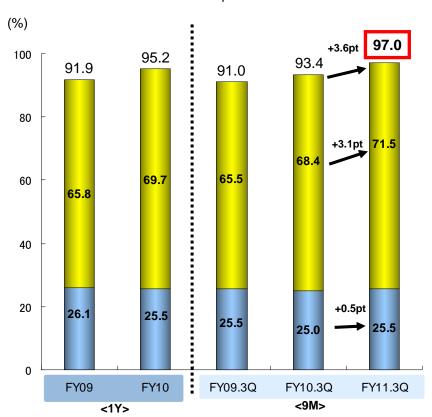
Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; numbers of policies are truncated below 10,000 policies; percentage change figures are rounded.

Sony Assurance Operating Performance (2)



Net Expense Ratio + Earned/Incurred Loss Ratio

■ Earned/Incurred loss ratio
■ Net expense ratio

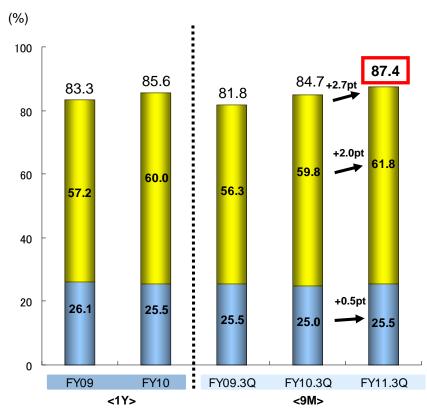


Earned/Incurred loss ratio is equal to the ratio of the sum of net losses paid, loss adjustment expenses and accumulation in provision for reserve for outstanding losses to earned premiums. *Note that earthquake insurance and compulsory automobile liability insurance are excluded from the above calculation.

<Reference>

Combined Ratio (Net Expense Ratio + Net Loss Ratio)

■ Net loss ratio
■ Net expense ratio

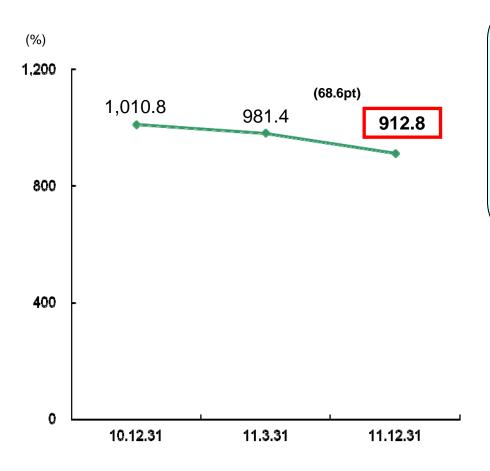


Net expense ratio is equal to the ratio of total underwriting costs to net premiums written. Net loss ratio is equal to the ratio of net losses paid and loss adjustment expenses to net premiums written.

Sony Assurance Operating Performance (3)



Solvency Margin Ratio



<Reference>

New solvency margin ratio effective as of the end of FY11

March 31, 2011 : 631.0%

December 31, 2011 : 585.7%

Variation factor from the previous standard:

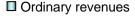
◆Stricter risk measurement

Note:

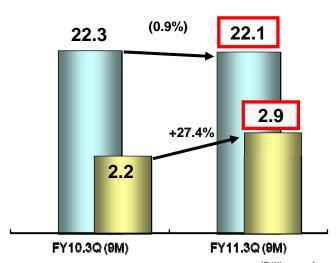
Legislation concerning the calculation of the solvency margin ratio has been revised from the standpoint of raising its credibility, and these new standards are to become effective as of the end of fiscal 2011 (March 31, 2012). The above-stated figures are calculated on the assumption that these changes are applied at March 31, and December 31, 2011.

Highlights of Operating Performance: Sony Bank (Non-consolidated)





Ordinary profit



(Billions of yen)

- Ordinary revenues decreased but ordinary profit increased year on year.
- ◆Gross operating profit increased ¥1.4 billion year on year due mainly to an increase in net interest income.
 - Net interest income increased ¥2.4 billion owing primarily to an increase in interest income on loans and a decrease in interest expenses on yen deposits.
- Net other operating income decreased ¥1.2 billion reflecting a decrease in gains on foreign exchange transactions.
- ◆Net operating profit increased ¥0.7 billion owing to the abovementioned increase in gross operating profit. The increase in gross operating profit offset the negative impact of higher general and administrative expenses led primarily by personnel reinforcement of the full-scale entry into credit card business.
- ◆Customer assets increased ¥27.8 billion from March 31, 2011. Among them, deposit balance increased ¥39.2 billion.

	(Billions of yen)	FY10.3Q FY11.3Q (9M)		Change	
Ordin	ary revenues	22.3	22.1	(0.1)	(0.9%)
Gross	operating profit	12.1	13.6	+1.4	+11.6%
	Net interest income	9.5	12.0	+2.4	+25.7%
	Net fees and commissions	(0.15)	0.07	+0.23	I
	Net other operating income	2.7	1.4	(1.2)	(46.2%)
	ral and nistrative expenses	9.4	10.2	+0.7	+7.9%
Ordin	ary profit	2.2	2.9	+0.6	+27.4%
Net in	come	1.2	1.6	+0.4	+34.3%
Net or	perating profit	2.4	3.1	+0.7	+30.2%

Г	(Billions of yen)	10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change f	rom 11.3.31
Se	ecurities	952.3	940.1	878.3	(61.7)	(6.6%)
Lo	pans	681.0	722.4	805.9	+83.4	+11.6%
De	eposits	1,609.9	1,649.1	1,688.3	+39.2	+2.4%
Cı	ustomer assets	1,711.6	1,755.5	1,783.4	+27.8	+1.6%
To	otal net assets	58.9	59.9	59.3	(0.5)	(1.0%)
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities (net of taxes)	0.7	0.4	(0.6)	(1.0)	_
To	otal assets	1,736.3	1,761.8	1,818.7	+56.9	+3.2%

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million (excluding net fees and commissions); percentage change figures are rounded.

Overview of Performance: Sony Bank (Non-consolidated) (1)



	(Billions of yen)	10.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Change fro	om 11.3.31
Cust	omer assets	1,711.6	1,755.5	1,783.4	+27.8	+1.6%
	Deposits	1,609.9	1,649.1	1,688.3	+39.2	+2.4%
	Yen	1,265.1	1,289.8	1,334.0	+44.1	+3.4%
	Foreign currency	344.8	359.2	354.3	(4.8)	(1.4%)
	Investment trusts	101.6	106.4	95.0	(11.3)	(10.7%)
Loar	ns outstanding	681.0	722.4	805.9	+83.4	+11.6%
	Mortgage loans	621.4	656.0	722.7	+66.6	+10.2%
	Others	59.6	66.4	83.2 ^{*1}	+16.8	+25.3%
Number of accounts (thousands)		840	859	884	+25	+2.9%
Capital adequacy ratio (*2) (domestic criteria)		11.25%	10.84%	11.86%	+1.0	02pt
	Tier 1 ratio	10.79%	10.41%	9.85%	(0.5	6pt)

- Yen deposits increased due to an effect of special offer for winter 2011 bonus season.
- ◆ Foreign currency deposit decreased as the hike in the yen had the negative impact on the foreign exchange conversion (approx. ¥28 billion), though the foreign-currency denominated balance increased.
- Investment trusts decreased reflecting a decline in reference price.
- Loan balance steadily increased due to increases in mortgage loans and corporate loans centering on syndicated loans.
- ◆ In October 2011, SFH issued ¥10 billion in bonds and transferred the funds raised through this issue to Sony Bank as a loan aimed at reinforcing that company's financial base.
 - The Tier 1 ratio was also kept at a high level.

Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; numbers of accounts are truncated below 1,000 accounts; percentage change figures are rounded.

⁽Reasons for changes)

^{*1} Loans in others include corporate loans of ¥75.8 billion.

^{*2} Please refer to the graph of the non-consolidated capital adequacy ratio (domestic criteria) on P26.

Overview of Performance: Sony Bank (Non-consolidated) (2)



<Reference> On Managerial Accounting Basis

(Billions of yen)		FY09.3Q (9M)	FY10.3Q (9M)	FY11.3Q (9M)	Cł	nange
Gro	ess operating profit	11.0	12.1	13.5	+1.4	+11.7%
	Net interest income *1 ①	10.0	11.0	13.0	+2.0	+18.2%
	Net fees and commissions *2 ②	0.9	0.5	0.7	+0.2	+34.8%
	Net other operating income ¹³	0.0	0.5	(0.2)	(0.7)	_
(co	oss operating profit ore profit) (A))+②	11.0	11.6	13.8	+2.2	+19.0%
Operating expenses and other expenses ③		8.6	9.7	10.4	+0.6	+6.9%
Net operating profit (core profit) = (A)-③		2.4	1.8	3.4	+1.5	+81.6%

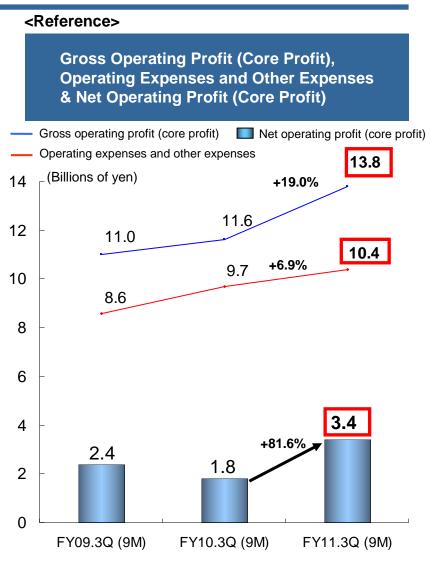
Managerial accounting basis

The following adjustments are made to the figures on a financial accounting basis to account for profits and losses more appropriately.

- *1: Net interest income: Includes profits and losses associated with fund investment recorded in net other operating income, including gains or losses from currency swap transactions.
- *2: Net fees and commissions: Includes profits and losses for customer dealings in foreign currency transactions recorded in net other operating income.
- *3: Net other operating income: After the above adjustments (*1 and *2), consists of profits and losses for bond and derivative dealing transactions.

Core profit

Profits and losses exclude net other operating income, which includes those on bond and derivative dealing transactions, and stands for Sony Bank's basic profits.

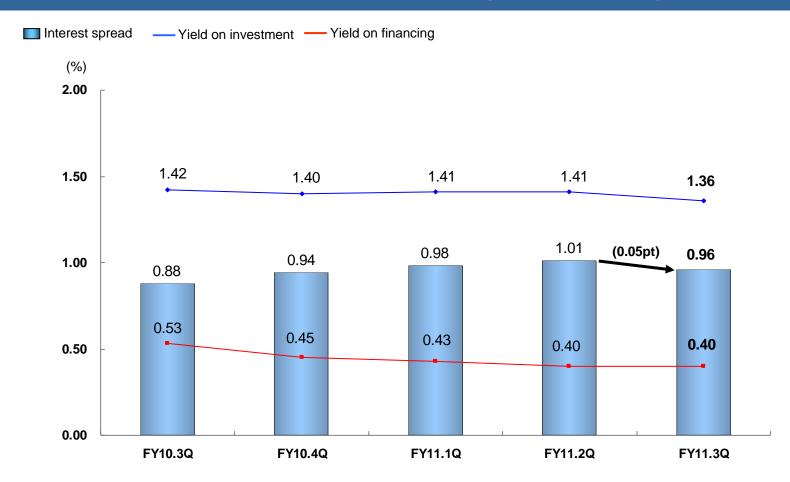


Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million; percentage change figures are rounded.

Sony Bank Operating Performance (1)



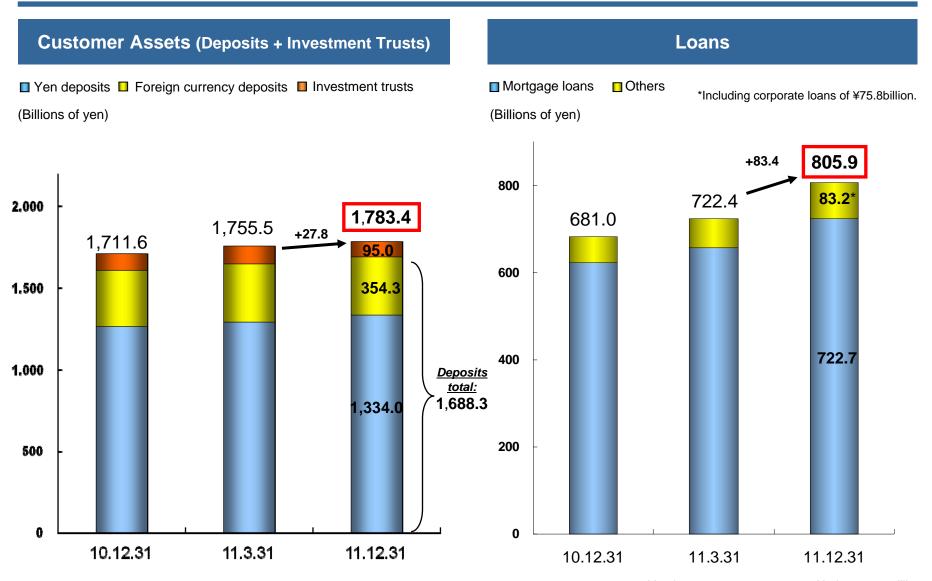
< Reference > Interest Spread (Managerial Accounting Basis)



Notes: Interest spread = Yield on investment – Yield on financing
Yield on investment includes primarily gains or losses from currency swap transactions in net other operating income.

Sony Bank Operating Performance (2)

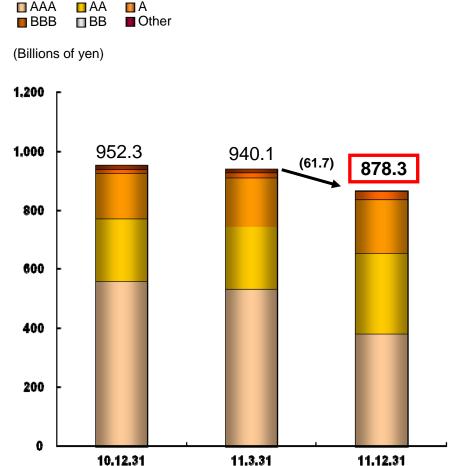




Sony Bank Operating Performance (3)

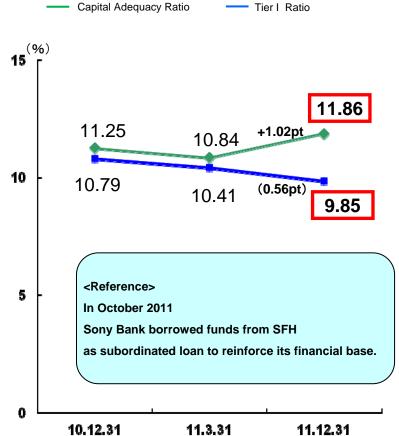






Non-Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (Domestic Criteria)

Tier I Ratio



Sony Bank's non-consolidated capital adequacy ratio was calculated based on the standard stipulated by Article 14-2 of the Banking Law of Japan, in accordance with Financial Services Agency of Japan ("FSA") public ministerial announcement No. 19 of 2006. The capital adequacy ratio newly adopted the special exception of the standard mentioned above, in accordance with the FSA public ministerial announcement No. 79 of 2008.

Amounts are truncated below ¥100 million.



Consolidated Financial Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012

Consolidated Financial Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012



Ordinary revenues and ordinary profit were revised upward, whereas net income remained unchanged.

(Billions of yen)	FY10 Actual	FY11 Revised Forecast	FY11 Previous Forecast	Change FY11 revised forecast vs. FY11 previous forecast
Consolidated ordinary revenues	1,002.2	1,047.0	1,022.0	+25.0
Life insurance business Non-life insurance business Banking business	900.3 74.1 29.5	935.0 80.4 32.2	909.3 80.4 32.8	+25.7 — (0.6)
Consolidated ordinary profit	76.8	67.0	59.0	+8.0
Life insurance business Non-life insurance business Banking business	72.1 2.1 2.4	61.0 2.6 3.3	53.0 2.6 4.1	+8.0 — (0.8)
Consolidated net income	41.7	29.0	29.0	_

■Life insurance business

At the end of the first half of this fiscal year, although the first-half operating results exceeded our previous forecast, the financial results forecast for this fiscal year remained unchanged due mainly to the uncertainty about the financial market environment. However, we revise the full-year financial results forecast as income from insurance premiums and investment income on general account assets during the nine months ended December 31, 2011, exceeded our previous forecast.

■Non-life insurance business

The financial results forecast for this fiscal year remains unchanged from the previous forecast. This is due to an anticipated steady increase in premium income and a reversal of catastrophe reserve, which is expected to offset the negative impact of a rising loss ratio.

■Banking Business

The financial results forecast for this fiscal year has been revised mainly because revenues from foreign-currency transactions during the nine months ended December 31, 2011, were lower than our previous forecast, affected by foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

^{1.} Amounts are truncated below ¥100 million.

^{2.} On Feb 2, 2012, SFH revised its consolidated financial forecast for this fiscal year. The previous forecast was announced on May 20, 2011,



Appendix

Recent Topics 1



AEGON Sony Life Insurance Sales Update

Launch of sales: December 1, 2009

Common stock: ¥20 billion (including capital surplus of ¥10 billion)

Equity ownership: Sony Life insurance Co., Ltd. 50%, AEGON international B.V. 50%

Marketing products: Individual Variable Annuities (3 types, 4 products)

Sales Channels: Lifeplanner sales employees and partner banks (7*) As of February 14, 2012

Financial Highlights for FY11.3Q (9M):

Number of new policies: 1,467, New policy amount: ¥10.6 billion

Number of policies in force: 2.659 policies, Policy amount in force: ¥23.2 billion



Sony Bank's Mortgage Loans through Sony Life

Sony Life accounts for <u>25%</u> of the balance of mortgage loans as of December 31, 2011

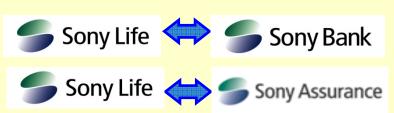
Sony Life accounts for <u>28%</u> of the amount of new mortgage loans for FY11.3Q (9M)

*Sony Life started handling banking agency business in January 2008.

Sony Assurance's Auto Insurance Sold by Sony Life

Sony Life accounts for approx. <u>5%</u> of new automobile policies for FY11.3Q (9M)

* Sony Life started handling automobile insurance in May 2001.



Recent Topics 2



<Highlights from the FY11.3Q onward>

2011-10-03	AEGON Sony Life Insurance began offering "W Account II," a new individual variable annuity product (GMAB Type 2011),
	through Kansai Urban Banking
2011-10-25	Sony Financial Holdings issued No. 1 unsecured corporate bonds
2011-11-02	Sony Life began offering new product: Cancer Drug Therapy Rider
2011-11-28	Sony Bank added four funds including Chinese RMB fund to investment trust lineups

Sony Life: Fair Value Information on Securities (General Account Assets)



Fair Value Information on Securities

• Fair value information on securities with market value (except trading-purpose securities)

(Billions of yen)

		10.12.31			11.3.31			11.6.30			11.9.30			11.12.31	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)												
Held-to-maturity securities	2,868.2	2,984.7	116.5	2,914.3	2,892.1	(22.1)	2,963.6	3,026.9	63.2	3,100.0	3,248.8	148.8	3,263.7	3,416.1	152.4
Available-for-sale securities	890.9	933.0	42.0	940.1	964.3	24.2	969.1	1,011.4	42.3	964.7	1,020.8	56.0	901.7	955.6	53.8
Japanese government and corporate bonds	824.9	859.9	35.0	884.4	904.1	19.7	909.9	947.5	37.6	909.8	964.6	54.7	848.9	901.2	52.3
Japanese stocks	51.7	57.4	5.6	49.8	53.7	3.8	47.4	51.9	4.4	36.5	37.8	1.2	34.5	35.3	0.7
Foreign securities	1.9	1.8	(0.0)	1.9	1.8	(0.0)	10.3	10.2	(0.1)	16.9	16.8	(0.1)	16.9	17.5	0.6
Other securities	12.3	13.8	1.4	3.8	4.6	0.7	1.3	1.7	0.3	1.3	1.5	0.1	1.3	1.4	0.1
Total	3,759.2	3,917.8	158.6	3,854.4	3,856.5	2.0	3,932.7	4,038.4	105.6	4,064.8	4,269.7	204.8	4,165.4	4,371.7	206.3

Valuation gains (losses) on trading-purpose securities

(Billions of yen)

10.1	2.31	11.3.31		11.3.31 11.6.30		11.9	9.30	11.12.31	
	Net valuation		Net valuation		Net valuation		Net valuation		Net valuation
Balance sheet	gains (losses)	Balance sheet	gains (losses)	Balance sheet	gains (losses)	Balance sheet	gains (losses)	Balance sheet	gains (losses)
amount	recorded in	amount	recorded in	amount	recorded in	amount	recorded in	amount	recorded in
	income		income		income		income		income
_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_

Notes:

¹⁾ Line item amounts are truncated below ¥100 million.

²⁾ Amounts above include those categorized as "monetary trusts."

Sony Life's Breakdown of Net Assets



Net Assets on BS, Real Net Assets and Solvency Margin

(Billions of yen)

	-	Assets /S)		Real Assets		vency rgin	Notes
	11.3.31	11.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	11.3.31	11.12.31	Notes
Total shareholders' equity	209.8	222.9	209.8	222.9	200.7	222.9	③After estimated distributed income deducted
Net unrealized gains on other securities, net of taxes	7.0	27.4	7.0	27.4	_	_	
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	1	ı	1	_	20.8	46.4	③Before tax x 90%
Land revaluation, net of taxes	(1.4)	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.3)	l	_	
Reserve for price fluctuations	l	ı	16.7	22.8	16.7	22.8	
Contingency reserve	_	_	51.5	54.2	51.5	54.2	
General reserve for possible loan losses	_	_	_	_	0.0	0.0	
Net unrealized gains on real estate	_	-	1.9	1.9	1.0	1.0	②Before tax (After revaluation) ③Before tax (Before revaluation) X85%
Excess amount of policy reserves based on Zillmer method	-	1	334.2	346.1	334.2	346.1	
Unallotted portion of reserve for policyholders' dividends	_	_	1.1	0.8	1.1	0.8	
Future profits	_	_	_	_	0.6	0.6	
Deferred tax assets	_	_	_	_	63.3	59.5	
Unrealized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity bonds	_	_	(22.1)	152.4	_	_	②Before tax
Deferred tax liabilities for available-for-sale securities	_	_	8.0	15.6	_	_	
Total	215.3	249.0	606.9	843.3	690.3	754.7	

Note: Real net assets excluding net unrealized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity securities and on policy reserve matching bonds, are ¥629.1 billion as of March 31, 2011, and ¥690.8 billion as of December 31, 2011.

Sony Life's Solvency Margin Ratio



(Billions of yen)

Category	11.12.31 (Currennt)	11.12.31 (New)
otal solvency margin (A)	754.7	708.
Common stock, etc	222.9	222
Reserve for price fluctuations	22.8	22
Contingency reserve	54.2	54
General reserve for possible loan losses	0.0	O
Net unrealized gains on other securities multiplied by 90% if gains or 100% if losses	46.4	46
Net unrealized gains on real estate multiplied by 85% if gains or 100% if losses	1.0	1
Excess amount of policy reserves based on Zillmer method	346.1	346
Unallotted portion of reserve for policyholders' dividends	0.8	C
Future profits	0.6	
Deferred tax assets	59.5	59
Subordinated debt	<u></u>	
That portion of the excess amount of policy reserves based on Zillmer method and subordinated debt that is not included in the margin		(45
Deductible items	-	
otal risk $\sqrt{(R_1 + R_0)^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_0)^2} + R_1$ (B)	47.9	71
Insurance risk R1	20.7	20
Third-sector insurance risk R8	7.5	7
Assumed interest rate risk R2	11.7	28
Asset management risk R3	15.6	26
Business management risk R4	1.3	1
Minimum guarantee risk R7	9.6	Ş
olvency margin ratio [(A)/{(B)×1/2}]×100	3,147.8%	1,971.4

Note: Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 23 of 2010 and FSA public ministerial announcement No. 48 of 2010 prescribe a revision in the methods of calculating total solvency margin and total risk (increasing the strictness of margin inclusion, and making risk measurement stricter and more sensitive).

These changes are to be applied from the end of FY11. The above-stated figures are calculated on the assumption that these changes are applied as of December 31, 2011.

Amounts are truncated below ¥100 million.

Status of Exposure in the five European countries



✓ SFH Group's Exposure in the five European countries (Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal, and Spain)

	Sovereign bond	Others
Sony Life		_
Sony Assurance	_	_
Sony Bank	_	¥1.6 Billion (Corporate bonds of Spanish company)

(Note) As of December 31, 2011. Exposure of Sony Life is for general account assets.





Contact: Corporate Communications & Investor Relations Department Sony Financial Holdings Inc.

TEL: +81-3-5785-1074